NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY

Financial Report with Supplemental Information June 30, 2020

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors of Noor International Academy

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Noor International Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Noor International Academy as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles accepted in the United States of America.

Members: A.I.C.P.A. and M.I.C.P.A.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Government Auditing Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Noor International Academy's basic financial statements. The nonmajor funds combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – special revenue funds is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The nonmajor funds combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, statement of revenue and expenditures – budget and actual are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applies in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the nonmajor funds combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, statement of revenue and expenditures – budget and actual are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 2, 2020, on our consideration of Noor International Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Noor International Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilkerson & Associate PC

September 2, 2020

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Noor International Academy

We have audited the financial statements of Noor International Academy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated September 2, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Noor International Academy is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Noor International Academy's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Noor International Academy's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Noor International Academy's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Members: A.I.C.P.A. and M.I C.P.A.

To the Board of Directors of Noor International Academy

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Noor International Academy's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and the Michigan Department of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wilkerson & Associate PC

September 2, 2020

Noor International Academy

37412 Dequindre Road Sterling Heights, Michigan, 48310

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

This section of Noor International Academy's (the Academy) annual financial report presents discussion and analysis of the Noor International Academy's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the Academy's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The Academy is required to implement the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB No. 34) in its financial statement presentation. This accounting standard requires the reporting of two types of financial statements: Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements.

The financial report is only one measure of an Academy's viability. An Academy's goal is to provide educational services to the students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. Consideration should also be given to other non-financial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and safety of the schools, in the assessment of the overall health of a school's district.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the Academy as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the Academy's finances and a long-term view of those finances. Government-wide financial statements are presented on a full accrual basis, which is the primary accounting method, used in private industry. The Statement of Net Position reports all the Academy's assets regardless if they are available for current use or legally restricted, and all of its liabilities, both short-term and long-term. The Statement of Activities reports all of the Academy's revenues and expenses by type of activity.

Fund Financial Statements

The Academy segregates resources and activities in separate funds (or entities); each used for a specific purpose to facilitate accountability for those resources. The Fund Financial Statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of a School District's various fiscal components, not a long-term view of the School District's as a whole. It provides information as to the amount of financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. It also provides information about the School District's most significant Funds - the General Fund (the Academy's principal operating Fund) and its non-major funds, which are grouped together and presented as Other Governmental Funds. The Academy's non-major fund is the Food Service Fund. Fund financial statements are presented on a

modified accrual basis. Only those assets that are measurable and currently available are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent that they can be paid using current financial resources.

The School District as a Whole

As discussed above, the Statement of Net Position provides information of the Academy as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of Noor International Academy's net position as of June 30, 2020.

Table 1-Summary of Noor International Academy's Net Position

	Governmental Activities (in thousands)	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 932.7	\$ 857.2
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	<u>1,290.9</u>	<u>1,333.3</u>
Total Assets	2,223.6	2,190.5
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current Liabilities	228.9	254.4
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>1,079.9</u>	1,115.6
Total Liabilities	1,308.8	1,370.0
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets	211.0	217.7
Unrestricted	703.8	602.8
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 914.8</u>	\$ 820.5

Net position at year end was \$914,796. The Academy's net investments in Capital Assets were \$211,025. The \$703,771 in unrestricted net position represents the cumulative operating results for the year ended June 30, 2020 and all prior years.

The Academy's total net position increased by \$94,300 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (please refer to Table 2 below). The cost to operate the Academy's programs was \$1,594,236. Partially funding these programs were charges for services and grant revenues totaling \$128,727. The remaining costs of the Academy's governmental activities were funded by general revenues, primarily State Aid totaling \$1,539,548 and other local revenue \$20,261.

Table 2 – Summary of the Statement of Activities

		Governmental <u>Activities</u> (in thousands)		
		<u>2020</u>	, 	2019
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	1.6	\$	3.3
Federal Grants and Contributions		127.1		151.7
General Revenues:				
State Aid - All Sources		1,539.5		1,504.9
Other Revenue		20.3		22.2
Total Revenues	\$	1,688.5	\$	1,682.1
Function/Program Expenses				
Instruction and Instructional Staff Services	\$	866.8	\$	883.8
Support Services		40.8		47.5
General, Executive and School Administration		294.2		310.6
Food Services		52.1		68.9
Business Support Services		9.4		9.2
Operations & Maintenance and Other Expenses		330.9		323.4
Total Expenses	<u>\$</u>	1,594.2	<u>\$</u>	1,643.4
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		94.3		38.7
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	820.5		781.8
Net Position - End of Year	\$	914.8	\$	820.5

State of Michigan Aid, Unrestricted

The State of Michigan aid, unrestricted is determined by the following variables:

- Per student, foundation allowance: annually, the State of Michigan sets the per student foundation allowance. The Academy's foundation allowance was \$8,111 per student for the 2019-2020 school year.
- Student Enrollment: The Academy's student enrollment for the fall count of 2019-2020 was 168 students. To calculate total state aid to be provided by the foundation allowance, a blend of 90% of current year fall count and 10% of the previous year winter count is multiplied by the Academy's foundation allowance.

Subsequent to year-end, the preliminary student enrollment for 2020-2021 indicates that the 2020 Fall student enrollment is approximately 173 students.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, Noor International Academy had an investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,290,910 (please refer to Table 3 below). This includes Building, Computers, Software, Furniture and Other Equipment.

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at cost. The Academy's capitalization policy is individual amounts exceeding \$1,000.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$49,522.

Table 3 – Capital Assets

Description	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	June 30, 2019
Building	\$ 1,375,909	\$ 1,375,909
Computer Equipment	200,964	200,964
Furniture & Equipment	68,842	61,746
Total Capital Assets	1,645,715	1,638,618
(Less Accumulated Depreciation)	(354,805)	(305,283)
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 1,290,910</u>	\$ 1,333,335

Debt

In May 2018, the Academy purchased the school building in which it had been leasing. The principal balance of the loan was \$1,147,500 to be repaid over a twenty year period. At the end of June 30, 2020, the Academy had \$1,079,885 in debt outstanding, due to the purchase of the building. The fixed annual interest rate is 5% for the first five years. On the conversion date, the interest rate shall reprice and reset to a fixed annual rate equal to 2.75% above the weekly average yield on five year U.S. Treasury securities. The repayment schedule for the first five years is as follows:

Table 4 - Debt

<u>PERIOD</u>	PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS	INTEREST AMOUNT	ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE
2019-2020	35,726.57	55,886.47	91,613.04
2020-2021	37,734.04	53,879.00	91,613.04
2021-2022	39,692.03	51,921.01	91,613.04
2022-2023	41,751.60	49,861.44	91,613.04
2023-2024	21,615.85	24,190.67	45,806.52

The School District's Funds

As mentioned above, the Academy uses funds to segregate and account for resources and activities that are used for specific purposes. At June 30, 2020 the Academy's Governmental Fund had a combined balance of \$703,771, an increase of \$100,998 from June 30, 2019. The contributions of each individual fund are:

General Fund:

The ending balance of the General Fund, the principal operating fund of the Academy, increased by \$100,998 at June 30, 2020 to \$703,771 from \$602,773 at June 30, 2019. The increase is primarily attributable to a thorough examination of our expenditures and a realignment of how resources were expended. The fund balance of the General Fund is available to fund costs related to school operations.

Other Governmental Funds:

The School District's non-major fund – Food Service Fund, is presented in this category. At June 30, 2020 the Food Service Fund did not have a fund balance. Expenditures of the lunch program were \$5,758 above revenues, which was transferred from the General Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Academy amends its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that school districts periodically amend their budgets to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. During the year, the Academy revised its budget in response to and / or in anticipation of changing operating conditions. The Academy had three budget amendments during the year that were approved by the Board of Directors of Noor International Academy. The final Budget was adopted in June 2020. (A schedule showing the Academy's Original Budget, Final Budget, and actual results for the General Fund is provided in the Required Supplemental Information section of these Financial Statements).

The majority of the School Districts revenue is based on student enrollment. For the fiscal year 2019-2020, it received approximately \$8,111 per pupil from the State of Michigan. The original budget, which was completed at the end of the prior fiscal year, reflected certain assumptions for enrollment, grant funding, staffing and other expenditures. The June 2020 amended (Final) budget reflected actual enrollment based on the pupil count and a revised estimate of federally approved grant funding, operating expenditures based on the revised revenues estimate were updated accordingly. The actual ending fund balance met expectations.

Final Budget vs. Actual

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual
2012 - 2013	\$ 1,187,248	\$ 1,199,711
2013 - 2014	1,353,222	1,424,944
2014 - 2015	1,628,493	1,638,402
2015 - 2016	1,910,491	1,918,614
2016 - 2017	1,951,187	1,942,999
2017 - 2018	1,927,999	1,888,710
2018 – 2019	1,706,087	1,640,140
2019 – 2020	1,750,821	1,642,172
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Expenditures:	Final Budget	Actual
2012 - 2013	\$ 1,163,452	\$ 1,066,765
2013 - 2014	1,265,341	1,216,035
2014 - 2015	1,606,910	1,529,717
2015 - 2016	1,826,563	1,668,350
2016 - 2017	1,969,809	1,887,585
2017 - 2018	2,176,725	2,045,949
2018 - 2019	1,686,464	1,553,727
2019 - 2020	1,712,320	1,535,416

Economic Factors affecting Next Year's Budgets

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the Academy's 2020 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The State foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The membership blend is based on 90% of the current school year October count and 10% of the prior year February count. The 2021 budget was adopted in May 2020, based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled in September 2020. Approximately 96% of total General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance. As a result, Academy funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. Based on early enrollment data at the start of the 2020-2021 school year, we anticipate that the fall student count will be close to the estimates used in creating the 2020 budget. Once the final student count and related per pupil funding is validated, State law requires the

Academy to amend the budget if actual Academy's resources are not sufficient to fund original appropriations.

Since the Academy's revenue is heavily dependent on State funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriation to local school districts. The State periodically holds a revenue-estimating conference to estimate revenues.

Contacting the District's Management

This Financial report is intended to provide our parents and investors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to show the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any question about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the business office.

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 603,527
Receivables	299,454
Other current assets	6,048
Prepaid cost and deposits	23,621
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,290,910
TOTAL ASSETS	2,223,560
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	60,133
Other current liabilities	9,777
Accrued liabilities	158,969
Long-term liabilities:	
Long-term liabilities, due within one year	37,734
Long-term liabilities, due after one year	1,042,151
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,308,764
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	211,025
Unrestricted	703,771
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 914,796

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Governmental Activities
		Progran	n Revenues	Net (Expense)
			Operating	Revenues and
		Charges for	Grants and	Changes in
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Net Assets
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 703,398	\$ -	\$ 83,819	\$ (619,579)
Supporting Services				
Pupil support services	40,862	-	-	(40,862)
Instructional support services	163,390	-	-	(163,390)
General administration	268,501	-	-	(268,501)
School administration	25,657	-	-	(25,657)
Business support services	9,449	-	-	(9,449)
Operations and maintenance	136,527	-	-	(136,527)
Pupil transportation services	4,301	-	-	(4,301)
Central support services	73,983	-	-	(73,983)
Food services	52,122	1,598	43,310	(7,214)
Community activities	8,856	-	-	(8,856)
Facilities improvements	1,782			(1,782)
Interest on long term debt	55,886			(55,886)
Depreciation (unallocated)	49,522	. <u>-</u>		(49,522)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,594,236	\$ 1,598	\$ 127,129	(1,465,509)
	General Rever	nues		
	State aid - no	ot restricted to s	pecific purposes	1,539,548
	Other local s			20,261
	Total General Revenues		1,559,809	
	Change in Net Position			94,300
	Net Position -	July 1, 2019		820,496
	Net Position -	June 30, 2020		\$ 914,796

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

. ggrmg	General Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 603,527	\$ -	\$ 603,527
Due from other governmental units	293,037	6,417	299,454
Due from other funds	6,048	-	6,048
Prepaid cost and deposits	23,621		23,621
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 926,233	\$ 6,417	\$ 932,650
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	60,133	-	60,133
Due to other funds	3,729	6,048	9,777
Accrued Expenditures	158,600	369	158,969
TOTAL LIABILITIES	222,462	6,417	228,879
Fund Balances			
Non-Spendable Fund Balance:			
Prepaid cost and deposits	23,621	-	23,621
Assigned Fund Balance:			
Assigned fund balance	500,000	-	500,000
Unrestricted Fund Balance:	400 4 70		100.150
Unassigned fund balance	180,150		180,150
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	703,771		703,771
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 926,233	\$ 6,417	\$ 932,650

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 703,771

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported as assets in governmental funds

Cost of capital assets \$ 1,645,715 Accumulated depreciation (354,805) 1,290,910

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

(1,079,885)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 914,796

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

-	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Local sources	\$ 1,040	\$ 1,598	\$ 2,638
State sources	1,538,092	1,456	1,539,548
Federal sources	83,819	43,310	127,129
Incoming transfers and other transactions	19,221	-	19,221
Total governmental fund revenues	1,642,172	46,364	1,688,536
Expenditures			
Instructional services	703,398	-	703,398
Supporting services:			
Pupil support services	40,862	-	40,862
Instructional support services	163,390	-	163,390
General administration	268,501	-	268,501
School administration	25,657	-	25,657
Business support services	9,449	-	9,449
Operations and maintenance	143,624	-	143,624
Pupil transportation services	4,301	-	4,301
Central support services	73,983	-	73,983
Food services	-	52,122	52,122
Community activities	8,856	-	8,856
Facilities acquisition, construction & improvement	1,782	-	1,782
Debt service	91,613		91,613
Total governmental fund expenditures	1,535,416	52,122	1,587,538
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	106,756	(5,758)	100,998
Other financing sources (uses)			
` Operating transfers in	-	5,758	5,758
Operating transfers out	(5,758)	<u> </u>	(5,758)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,758)	5,758	<u>-</u>
Excess of revenues and other financing sources			
over expenditures and other uses	100,998	-	100,998
Fund Balance, July 1, 2019	602,773		602,773
Fund Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 703,771	\$ -	\$ 703,771

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 100,998
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period:	
Depreciation Expense \$ (49,522) Capitalized capital outlay 7,097	(42,425)
Revenue is reported in the statement of activities when earned; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible with 60 days of year end. Prior year deferred revenue	-
Repayment of note principal is an expense in governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	 35,727
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 94,300

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Noor International Academy (the "Academy") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

Noor International Academy is a public school academy that provides instructional and support services to elementary school students from kindergarten to the eighth grade. The Academy was formed as a public school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Acts of 1994.

The Academy entered into a seven-year contract with Central Michigan University to charter a public school academy, expiring on June 30, 2027. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State Constitution. Central Michigan University is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays the Central Michigan University 3% of State aid as an administrative fee. The total administrative fees paid through June 30, 2020 to the Central Michigan University was approximately \$39,626.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational and financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the Academy's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the Academy. Based on application of the criteria, the entity does not contain component units.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Substantially all interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the Academy's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and capital requirements of a particular function.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The effect of the interfund activity has been substantially eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all unrestricted State aid.

Fund-Based Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as required under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance approach, which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The State portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law.

The Academy also receives revenue from the State to administer certain categorical educational programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain categorical funds require an accounting to the State of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received which are not expected to be expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

The Academy reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

The General Fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

Additionally, the Academy reports the following nonmajor governmental Food Services Fund. This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes in the Academy's food service program. Any deficit generated by this activity is the responsibility of the General Fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Deposits, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of twelve months or less when acquired.

The Academy believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Academy evaluates each financial institution it deposits Academy funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk are used as depositories.

The Academy is authorized by Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91 to invest surplus monies in federally insured United States banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The Academy is also authorized to invest in bonds and notes, certain commercial paper, U.S. Government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances and mutual funds and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles.

Investments are recorded at fair value, based on quoted market prices, or estimated fair value.

Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consist primarily of state school aid due from the State of Michigan and the federal government. All receivables are expected to be fully collected in July and August of 2020 and are considered current for the purposes of these financial statements.

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure is reported in the year in which the services are consumed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized. The Academy does not have any infrastructure-type assets.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straightline method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions	20 - 50 years
Buses and other vehicles	5-10 years
Furniture and other equipment	5-20 years

MPSERS Liability

The Academy contracted with Hamadeh Educational Services, Inc. – Management Company to provide all staffing personnel during the year under audit. Consequently, all staffing cost is treated as purchased services in the financial statements.

The Academy has no obligation to fund the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of Net Position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond proceeds, premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. At the end of the school year, the Academy had long-term debt outstanding.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriations or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of the fund balance:

- **Nonspendable** Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted-** Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provision, or by enabling legislation for use of a specific purpose.
- Committed-Amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board of Directors for use and specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the Board of Directors.
- **Assigned** Intent to spend the resources on a specific purpose expressed by the Board of Directors.
- Unassigned- Amounts that do not fall into any of the above categories. This is the residual classification for amounts in the General Fund and represents fund the fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds or has not been restricted, committed or assigned for specific purposes in the General Fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Comparative Data

Comparative data is not included in the Academy's financial statements.

Government-wide financial (statements statement of net position and statement of activities) prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Academy's activities have been provided. The fund financial statements focus on major funds rather than fund types.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Data

The Academy is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of the State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (the Uniform Budgetary Act). The following is a summary of the requirements of the Act:

- 1. Budgets must be adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds by July 1.
- 2. The budgets must be balanced.
- 3. The budgets must be amended when necessary.
- 4. Public hearings must be held before budget adoptions.
- 5. Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- 6. Expenditures must be authorized by a budget before being incurred.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Budgetary Data (continued)

The Academy formally adopted General Fund and Special Revenue Funds (Food Services) budgets by function for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Expenditures at this level in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. No encumbrances were outstanding in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds at June 30, 2020. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – all governmental fund types is presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual is presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes and the Academy's investment policy authorize the Academy to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan; the Academy is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The Academy's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority. The Academy has designated one bank for the deposit of its funds, and has not adopted any other formal investment policy.

The Academy's cash and investments are subject to custodial credit risk, which is examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. The Academy evaluates its depositories and only those with an acceptable risk level are used for the Academy's deposits.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

(continued)

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits (continued)

The Academy believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits.

At year end, the Academy's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements as cash and cash equivalents of \$603,527.

The deposits of the Academy were reflected in the accounts of the financial institution at \$603,588 of which \$323,712 is covered by federal depository insurance.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity of the Academy's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance				posals and		Balance
	July 1, 2019	A	dditions	Adju	stments	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Assets being depreciated							
Building	\$ 1,375,908	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,375,908
Computer equipment	200,964		-		-		200,964
Furniture and equipment	61,746		7,097				68,843
Subtotal	1,638,618		7,097		-		1,645,715
Accumulated depreciation:							
Building	51,371		45,805		-		97,176
Computer equipment	199,915		762		-		200,677
Furniture and equipment	53,997		2,954		-		56,951
Subtotal	305,283		49,522		-		354,805
Net capital assets	\$ 1,333,335	\$	(42,425)	\$		\$	1,290,910

Depreciation expense was not charged to specific activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTE 5 - DEBT

In May 2018, the Academy purchased the school building in which it had been leasing. The principal balance of the loan was \$1,147,500 to be repaid over a twenty year period. At the end of June 30, 2020, the Academy had \$1,079,885 in debt outstanding, due to the purchase of the building. The fixed annual interest rate is 5% for the first five years. On the conversion date, the interest rate shall reprice and reset to a fixed annual rate equal to 2.75% above the weekly average yield on five year U.S. Treasury securities. The repayment schedule for the first five years is as follows:

Period	Principal Amounts	Interest Amount	Total Debt Service
2019-2020	35,727	55,886	91,613
2020-2021	37,734	53,879	91,613
2021-2022	39,692	51,921	91,613
2022-2023	41,752	49,861	91,613
2023-2024	21,616	24,191	45,807

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employees injuries (workers compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage since inceptions.

NOTE 7 - MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

The Academy has entered into a management agreement with Hamadeh Educational Services, Inc. (the "Management Company"), a for-profit corporation. The Management Company is responsible for all management, operation, administration, and education of the Academy. All Academy personnel are provided by the Management Company.

There management fees for the year ended June 30, 2020 were approximately \$193,749.

NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through September 2, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.



NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE-GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

								Variances ver/(Under)
	Budgeted Amounts Original		ounts Final		Actual (GAAP Basis)		Final to Actual	
Revenues	¢.	2.500	¢.	1.610	¢.	1.040	¢.	(570)
Local sources	\$	3,500	\$	1,610	\$	1,040	\$	(570)
State sources Federal sources		524,652 135,123		1,567,298 164,018		1,538,092 83,819		(29,206) (80,199)
Other transactions and financing sources	J	15,456		17,895		19,221		1,326
· ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		
Total governmental fund revenues	1,7	778,731		1,750,821		1,642,172		(108,649)
Expenditures								
Instructional Services	8	350,053		767,843		703,398		(64,445)
Supporting Services:				-				
Pupil support services		62,068		53,627		40,862		(12,765)
Instructional support services	1	154,484		184,193		163,390		(20,803)
General administration	2	298,536		309,023		268,501		(40,522)
School administration		27,898		29,235		25,657		(3,578)
Business support services		13,437		15,309		9,449		(5,860)
Operations and maintenance	1	117,331		156,723		143,624		(13,099)
Pupil transportation services		4,652		4,992		4,301		(691)
Central support services		79,831		80,312		73,983		(6,329)
Community Services		4,777		15,020		8,856		(6,164)
Facilities acquisition, construction & improvement		-		4,430		1,782		(2,648)
Debt service		91,613		91,613		91,613		
Total governmental fund expenditures	1,7	704,680		1,712,320		1,535,416		(176,904)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		74,051		38,501		106,756		68,255
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in		_		_		_		_
Operating transfers out		-		(10,000)		(5,758)		4,242
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		(10,000)		(5,758)		4,242
Excess of revenues and other financing sources								
over expenditures and other uses		74,051		28,501		100,998		72,497
Fund Balance, July 1, 2019	5	564,194		602,773		602,773		-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 6	538,245	\$	631,274	\$	703,771	\$	72,497



NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Food Services	
Revenues		
Local sources	\$	1,598
State sources		1,456
Federal sources		43,310
Total Revenues		46,364
Expenditures		
Food services		52,122
Total Expenditures		52,122
Other financing sources/(uses)		
Operating transfer in	-	5,758
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources	\$	-
Fund Balance- Beginning of Year		
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$	-

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

JUNE 30, 2020

3 PARKLANE BLVD. SUITE 612 DEARBORN, MICHIGAN 48126 313-982-4340 FAX 313-982-4342 LARRY WILKERSON, C.P.A THOMAS E. WILKERSON, C.P.A

To the Board of Directors of Noor International Academy

We have recently completed our audit of the basic financial statements of Noor International Academy (the "Academy") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020. In addition to our audit report, we are providing the following required audit communication, recommendations, and informational items which impact the Academy:

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Results of Audit	2-5
Recommendations	6
Informational Items	6-7

We are grateful for the opportunity to be of service to Noor International Academy. Should you have any questions regarding the comments in this report, please do not hesitate to call.

Wilkerson & Associate PC

September 2, 2020

Members: A.I.C.P.A. and M.I.C.P.A.

Results of the Audit

We have audited the financial statements of Noor International Academy (the "Academy") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated September 2, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated March 1, 2020, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We are responsible for planning and performing the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Academy. Our consideration of internal control was solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters and our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Our audit of the Academy's financial statements has also been conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Under *Government Auditing Standards*, we have made some assessments of the Academy's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. While those assessments are not sufficient to identify all noncompliance with applicable laws, regulations, and contract provisions, we are required to communicate all noncompliance conditions that come to our attention. We have communicated those conditions in a separate letter dated September 2, 2020 regarding our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

We are also obligated to communicate certain matters related to our audit of those responsible for the governance of the Academy, including certain instances of error or fraud and significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. In certain situations, *Government Auditing Standards* require disclosure of illegal acts to applicable government agencies. If such illegal acts were detected during our audit, we would be required to make disclosures regarding these acts to applicable government agencies. No such disclosures were required.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters during the preliminary audit phase.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. We will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Academy are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended June 30, 2020.

We noted no transactions entered into by the Academy during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no significant estimates included in this year's financial statements.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statements disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There were no particularly sensitive disclosures included in the financial statements.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. There were no such misstatements identified.

Disagreements with Management

For the purpose of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statement or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated as of the date of the audit report.

Management Consultants with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultant involves application of an accounting principle to the Academy's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the Academy, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the Academy, and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition of our retention as the Academy's auditors.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

Our responsibility for other information in documents containing the Academy's financial statements and report does not extend beyond the financial statements. We do not have an obligation to determine whether or not such information is properly stated. However, we read the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule and nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation is materially inconsistent with the information or manner of its presentation in the financial statements.

In addition to the comments and recommendations in this letter, our observations and comments regarding the Academy's internal controls, including any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses that we identified, have been reported to you in the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

This information is intended solely for the use of the board of directors and management of Noor International Academy and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Wilkerson & Associate PC

Larry D. Wilkerson, CPA

Noor International Academy September 2, 2020

Recommendations

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY RECOMMENDATIONS

As a result of auditing standards required to be implemented last year, the audit continues to require a strong emphasis to be placed on the Academy's internal control systems. The primary goal of internal controls is to provide a reasonable (as opposed to absolute) protection to the Academy and its assets and financial information. During this year's audit process, we noted no items that required management to make changes; therefore, no recommendations are made for this year.

Informational Items

NOOR INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY

September 2, 2020

GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases

This statement is effective for the first time in the School District's June 30, 2022 financial statements. The statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the lease. The statement was issued to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement establishes a single model for lease accounting for both lessees and lessors based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The School District will have to identify and analyze all significant lease contracts to determine the lease asset and lease liability or deferred inflow or outflow of resources that will be required to be recognized upon implementation of the standard.

Lessee Accounting under GASB 87

A lessee should recognize a lease liability and a lease asset at the commencement of the lease term, unless the maximum lease term per the lease contract is 12 months or less, or it transfers ownership of the underlying asset. The lease liability is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The right-to use asset is measured at the amount of initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs incurred to place the leased asset in service. The lessee should reduce the lease liability as payments are made and recognize an outflow of resources (i.e., expense) for interest on the liability. The lease asset should be amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.